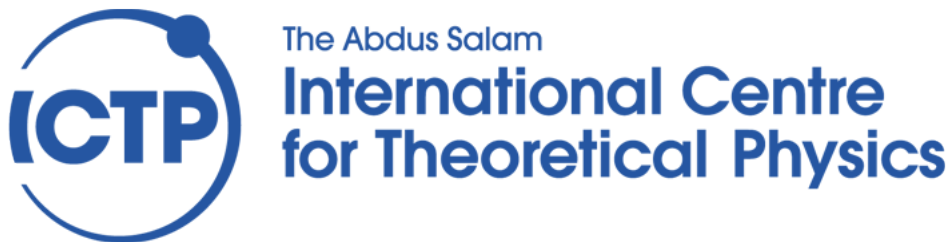


Majorana Quasi-Particles Protected by $\mathbb{Z}_2$ Angular Momentum Conservation

. Fernando Iemini

The Abdus Salam International Center for Theoretical
Physics (ICTP), Trieste - Italy



arxiv 1702.04733

In collaboration with:

- R. Fazio (ICTP/SNS)
- M. Dalmonte (ICTP)



The Abdus Salam

**International Centre
for Theoretical Physics**



- L. Mazza (Ecole Normale Supérieure / PSL Research University - Paris)

- L. Fallani (University of Florence / LENS - Florence)



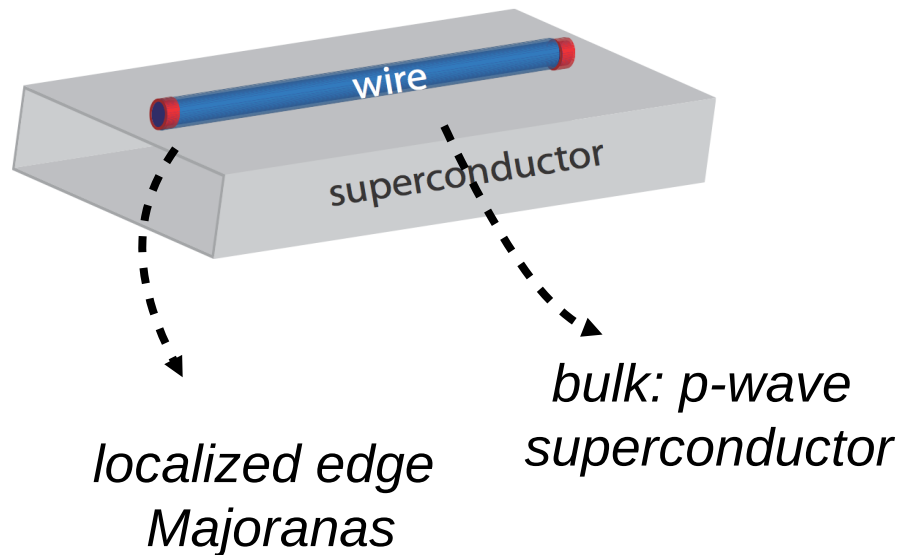
P. Zoller (University of Innsbruck / IQOQI - Innsbruck)

Outline/Motivation – search for Majoranas

- Past decades have witnessed lots of effort in order to generate/observe **edge Majorana fermions** (potential application in Quantum Computation)

Outline/Motivation – search for Majoranas

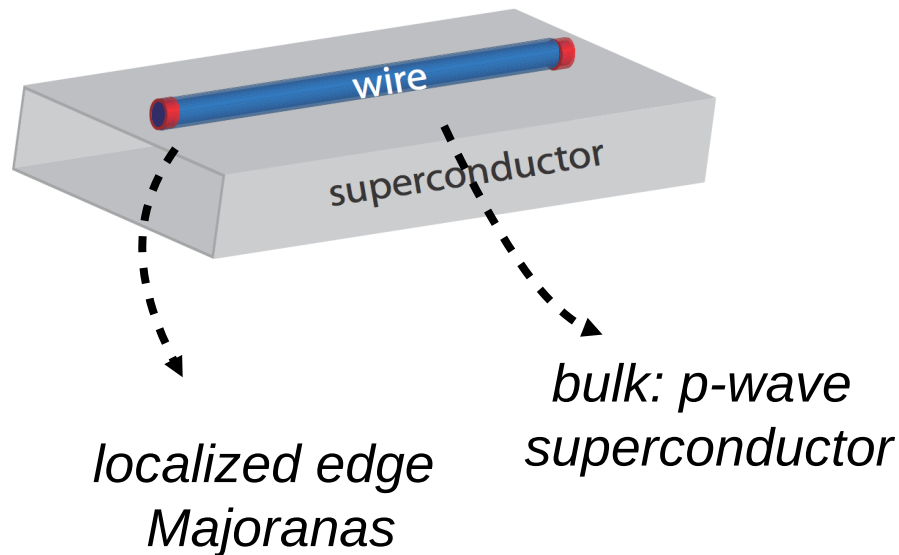
- Past decades have witnessed lots of effort in order to generate/observe **edge Majorana fermions** (potential application in Quantum Computation)
- Paradigmatic model: **Kitaev model**
(mean-field level)



- Many proposals for its implementation + signatures of zero energy edge Majoranas...

Outline/Motivation – search for Majoranas

- Past decades have witnessed lots of effort in order to generate/observe **edge Majorana fermions** (potential application in Quantum Computation)
- Paradigmatic model: **Kitaev model** (*mean-field level*)
- *Distinct proposals beyond mean-field: canonical settings*

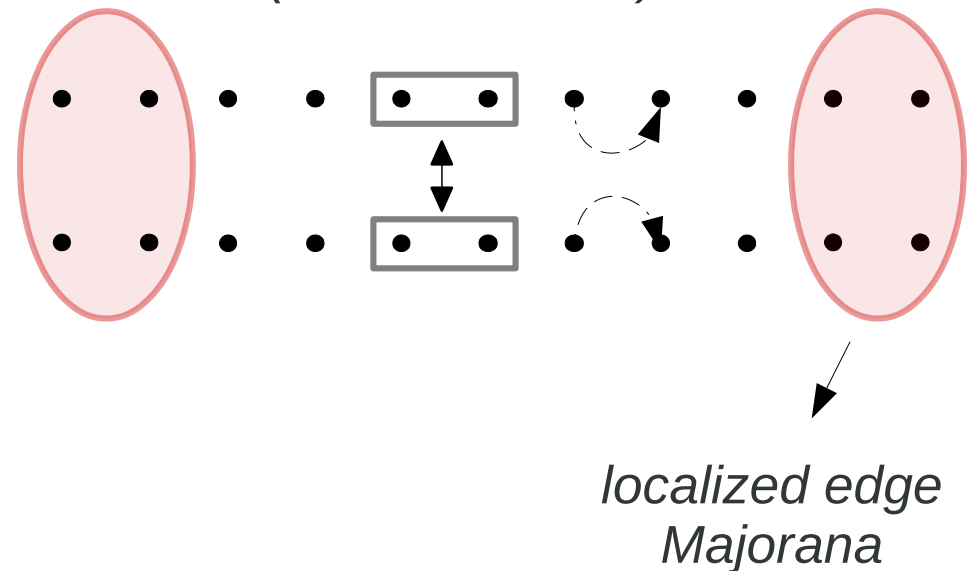


- Many proposals for its implementation + signatures of zero energy edge Majoranas...

A. Y. Kitaev, *Physics Uspekhi* 44, 131 (2001).

$$[\hat{H}, \hat{N}] = 0$$

("ladder chains")



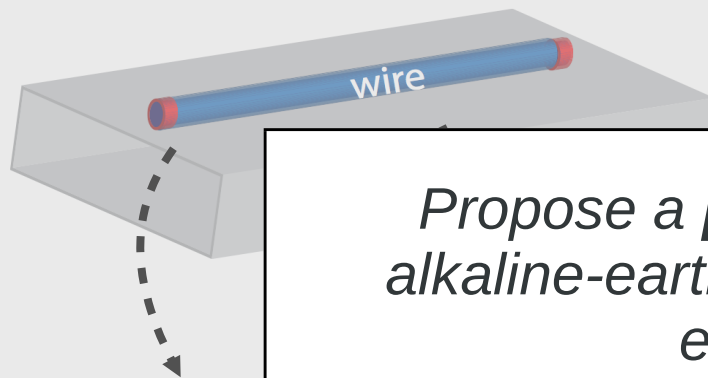
M. Cheng et al., *Phys. Rev. B* 84, 094503 (2011)
C. V. Kraus et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 111, 173004 (2013)
F. Iemini et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 115, 156402 (2015)
N. Lang et al., *Phys. Rev. B* 92, 041118 (2015R)

Outline/Motivation – search for Majoranas

- Past decades have witnessed lots of effort in order to generate/observe **edge Majorana fermions** (potential application in Quantum Computation)
- Paradigmatic model: **Kitaev model** (*mean-field level*)
 - Distinct proposals beyond mean-field: **canonical settings***

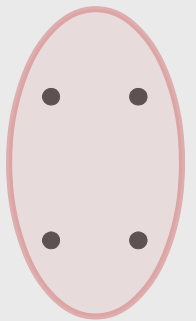
$$[\hat{H}, \hat{N}] = 0$$

(“ladder chains”)



Propose a **physical canonical setting**- with alkaline-earth-like fermion atoms - hosting zero energy edge Majoranas.

localize Majorana (*ingredients **already implemented** recently in cold atoms: spin-orbit + spin-exchange)



ed edge
Majorana

- Many proposals for its implementation + signatures of zero energy edge Majoranas...

A. Y. Kitaev, *Physics Uspekhi* 44, 131 (2001).

M. Cheng et al., *Phys. Rev. B* 84, 094503 (2011)

C. V. Kraus et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 111, 173004 (2013)

F. Iemini et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 115, 156402 (2015)

N. Lang et al., *Phys. Rev. B* 92, 041118 (2015R)

Outline

- *Introduction on Kitaev model + edge Majoranas in canonical settings*
- *Our proposal for edge MF's in cold atoms settings*
- *Conclusions*

Majorana formalism

- “half” fermions;
- particles are their own anti particles;

(complex) fermion

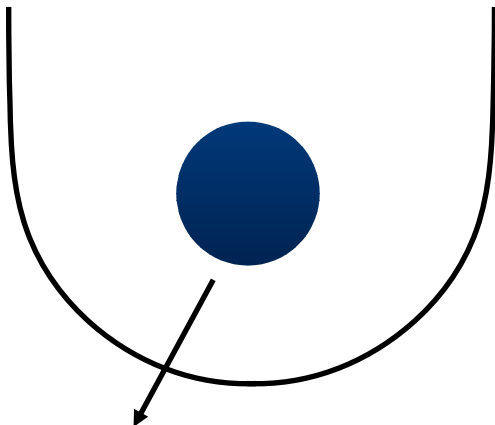
$$\{\hat{a}_j, \hat{a}_\ell^\dagger\} = \delta_{j,\ell}$$

$$\hat{a}_j = \hat{\gamma}_{2j-1} + i\hat{\gamma}_{2j}$$

(real) Majorana fermion

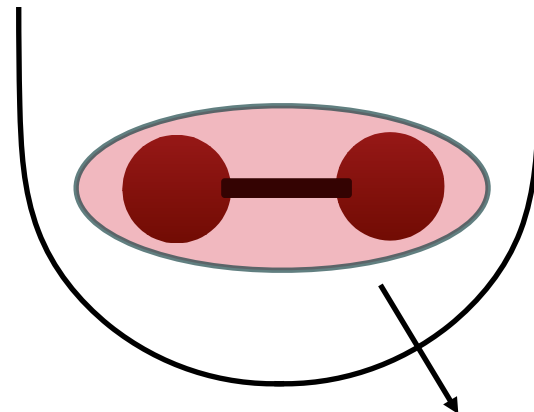
$$\begin{aligned}\gamma_j^\dagger &= \gamma_j \\ \{\gamma_i, \gamma_j^\dagger\} &= 2\delta_{i,j}\end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{H} = \left(\hat{a}_1^\dagger \hat{a}_1 - \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{i}{2} \hat{\gamma}_1 \hat{\gamma}_2$$



fermion in a lattice site

=



paired Majoranas

Kitaev model

$$\hat{H}_{Kitaev} = \sum_j \left[\underbrace{-J \hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_{j+1}}_{\text{hopping}} + \underbrace{\Delta \hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_{j+1}^\dagger}_{\text{pairing correlation}} + H.c. - \underbrace{\mu \left(\hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_j - \frac{1}{2} \right)}_{\text{chemical potential}} \right]$$

Parity symmetry: $\left[\hat{H}, (-1)^{\hat{N}} \right] = 0$

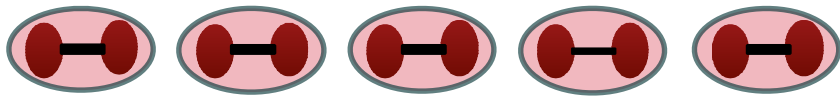
Topological with zero energy edge Majoranas: $\left| \frac{\Delta}{\mu} \right| \geq 2 \quad (J = 1)$

Kitaev model

$$\hat{H}_{Kitaev} = \sum_j \left[\underbrace{-J \hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_{j+1}}_{\text{hopping}} + \underbrace{\Delta \hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_{j+1}^\dagger}_{\text{pairing correlation}} + H.c. - \underbrace{\mu \left(\hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_j - \frac{1}{2} \right)}_{\text{chemical potential}} \right]$$

“Trivial phase”: $J = |\Delta| = 0$

$$\hat{H} = -\frac{i}{2} \mu \sum_{j=1}^L \hat{\gamma}_{2j-1} \hat{\gamma}_{2j}$$



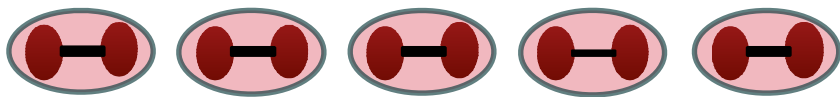
chain completely full or empty

Kitaev model

$$\hat{H}_{Kitaev} = \sum_j \left[\underbrace{-J \hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_{j+1}}_{\text{hopping}} + \underbrace{\Delta \hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_{j+1}^\dagger}_{\text{pairing correlation}} + H.c. - \underbrace{\mu \left(\hat{a}_j^\dagger \hat{a}_j - \frac{1}{2} \right)}_{\text{chemical potential}} \right]$$

“Trivial phase”: $J = |\Delta| = 0$

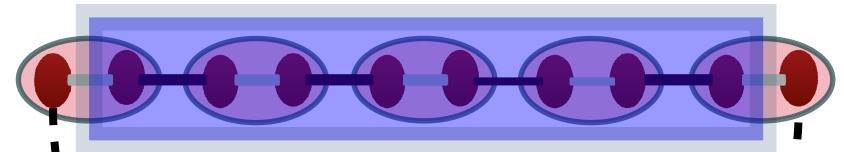
$$\hat{H} = -\frac{i}{2} \mu \sum_{j=1}^L \hat{\gamma}_{2j-1} \hat{\gamma}_{2j}$$



chain completely full or empty

“Top. phase”: $\mu = 0, |\Delta| = J$

$$\hat{H} = iJ \sum_{j=1}^{L-1} \hat{\gamma}_{2j} \hat{\gamma}_{2j+1} + 0 \hat{\gamma}_{2L} \hat{\gamma}_1$$



p-wave superconductor

unpaired $\{\hat{\gamma}_1, \hat{\gamma}_{2L}\}$

zero energy Majorana fermions

Search for zero energy edge Majoranas

$$\hat{H}_{Kitaev} = \sum_j \left[-J a_j^\dagger a_{j+1} + \Delta a_j^\dagger a_{j+1}^\dagger + H.c. - \mu \left(a_j^\dagger a_j - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right]$$

pairing correlations

mean-field level

- *proximity-induced
superconductivity (solid state):
zero bias voltage modes,
exponential suppression of energy
splitting with increasing wire length*

- *coupling to a BEC reservoir
(cold atoms)*

*presence and control of a
reservoir...*

V. Mourik et al., Science 336, 1003 (2012);
M. T. Deng et al., Nano Lett. 12, 6414 (2012);
A. Das, Y. Ronen et al., Nat. Phys. 8, 887 (2012);
L. P. Rokhinson et al., Nat. Phys. 8, 795 (2012);
S. Nadj-Perge et al., Science 346, 602 (2014);
S. M. Albrecht et al., Nature 531, 206 (2016);
L. Jiang et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 220402 (2011)

Search for zero energy edge Majoranas

$$\hat{H}_{Kitaev} = \sum_j \left[-J a_j^\dagger a_{j+1} + \Delta a_j^\dagger a_{j+1}^\dagger + H.c. - \mu \left(a_j^\dagger a_j - \frac{1}{2} \right) \right]$$

pairing correlations

mean-field level

- is it possible to stabilize MF's beyond mean field?

- *proximity-induced superconductivity (solid state): zero bias voltage modes, exponential suppression of energy splitting with increasing wire length*

- *coupling to a BEC reservoir (cold atoms)*

• *Edge Majoranas in canonical settings?* $[\hat{H}, \hat{N}] = 0$

presence and control of a reservoir...

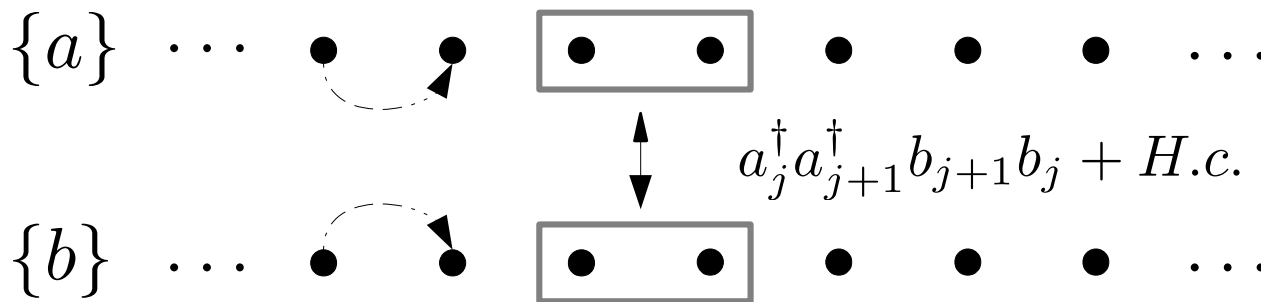
V. Mourik et al., Science 336, 1003 (2012);
M. T. Deng et al., Nano Lett. 12, 6414 (2012);
A. Das, Y. Ronen et al., Nat. Phys. 8, 887 (2012);
L. P. Rokhinson et al., Nat. Phys. 8, 795 (2012);
S. Nadj-Perge et al., Science 346, 602 (2014);
S. M. Albrecht et al., Nature 531, 206 (2016);
L. Jiang et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 220402 (2011)

Edge Majoranas in Number Conserving Systems

- Edge Majoranas in canonical settings

$$[\hat{H}, \hat{N}] = 0$$

- simple proposals: ladder chains



$$[\hat{H}_N, (-1)^{\hat{N}_{a(b)}}] = 0$$

“local parity symmetry”

$$\hat{H}_N = \sum_j \left[-J(a_j^\dagger a_{j+1} + b_j^\dagger b_{j+1}) + \Delta \underline{a_j^\dagger a_{j+1}^\dagger b_{j+1} b_j} + H.c. \right] + \dots$$

“pairing correlation”

Edge Majoranas in Number Conserving Systems

- *Edge Majoranas in canonical settings*

$$[\hat{H}, \hat{N}] = 0$$

- simple proposals: ladder chains

(ladder is a simple example, but difficult to physically realize...)

Search for a naturally occurring model where a parity symmetry / pairing correlations is realized in a number-conserving fashion...

$$\hat{H}_N = \sum_j \left[-J(a_j^\dagger a_{j+1} + b_j^\dagger b_{j+1}) + \Delta \underbrace{a_j^\dagger a_{j+1}^\dagger b_{j+1} b_j}_{\text{"pairing correlation"}} + H.c. \right] + \dots$$

Outline

- *Introduction on Kitaev model + edge Majoranas in canonical settings*
- *Our proposal for edge MF's in cold atoms settings*
- *Conclusions*

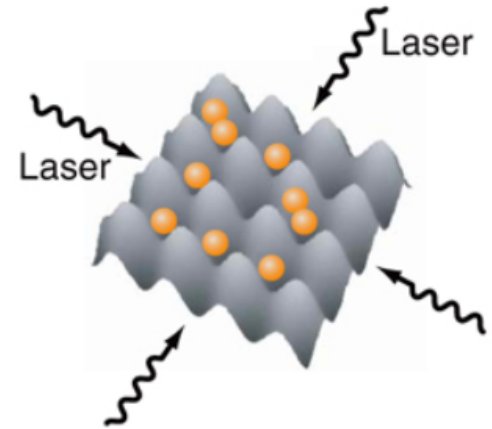
Cold atoms setting

Use alkaline-earth-like fermion atoms (AEAs) in optical lattices with local **orbital + spin** degrees of freedom:

(i) combining **spin-orbit coupling + spin-exchange interactions** a local parity symmetry occurs naturally in the system;

(ii) symmetry is protected by **Angular Momentum Conservation**

(iii) spin-exchange acts effectively as “**pairing correlations**”



spin-exchange interactions:

spin-orbit coupling:

G. Cappellini et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 120402 (2014)

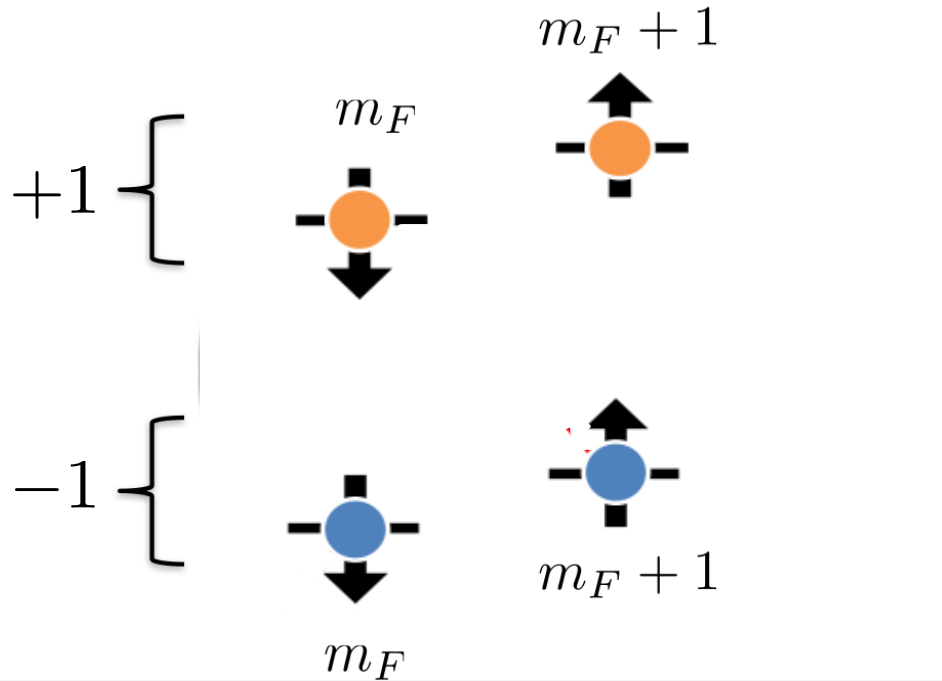
F. Scazza et al., Nat. Phys. 10, 779 (2014)

M. L. Wall et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 035301 (2016)

L. F. Livi et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 220401 (2016)

S. Kolkowitz et al., Nature 542, 66 (2017)

Cold atoms setting

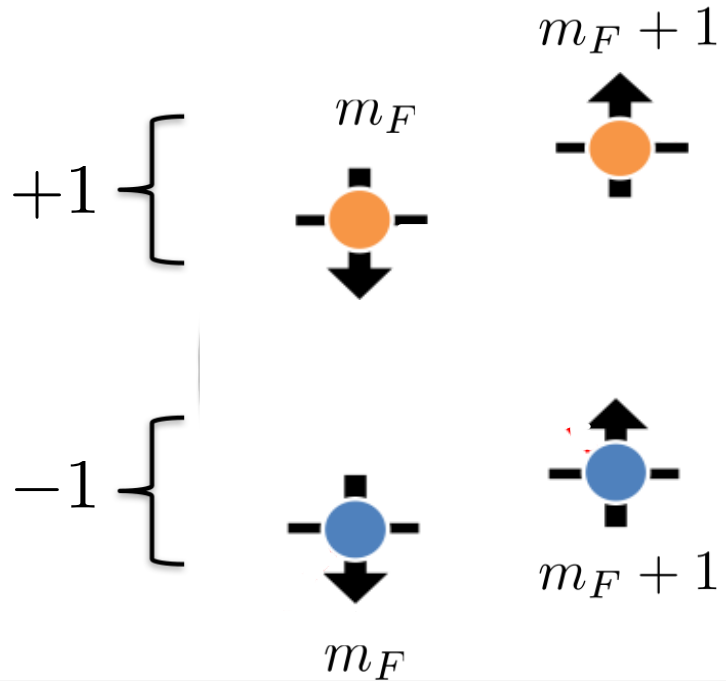


- Nuclear spin: $\{m_F, m_{F+1}\}$
- Orbital states: $\{-1, +1\}$

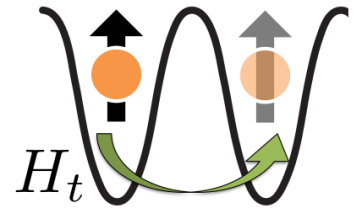
$$\hat{H} = \sum_j (\hat{H}_{t,j} + \hat{H}_{W,j} + \hat{H}_{\text{so},j})$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} \text{single-particle hopping} \\ \text{spin-exchange interactions} \\ \text{spin-orbit coupling} \end{array} \right]$$

Cold atoms setting



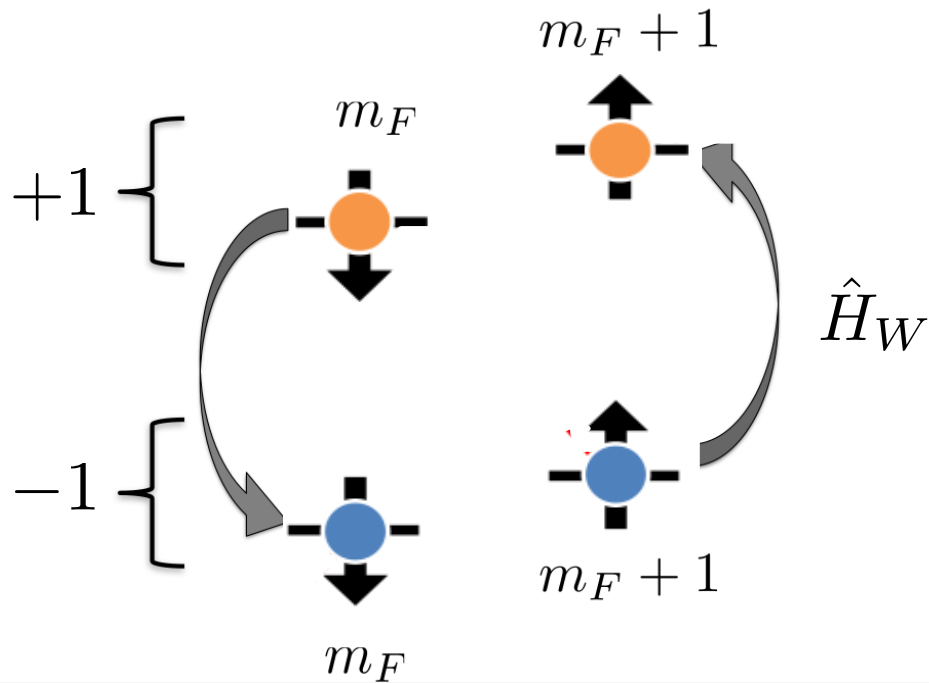
- Nuclear spin: $\{m_F, m_{F+1}\}$
- Orbital states: $\{-1, +1\}$



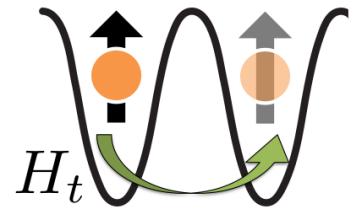
single particle hopping:

$$\hat{H}_{t,j} = \sum_{\alpha,p} t (c_{j,\alpha,p}^\dagger c_{j+1,\alpha,p} + \text{h.c.})$$

Cold atoms setting



- Nuclear spin: $\{m_F, m_{F+1}\}$
- Orbital states: $\{-1, +1\}$

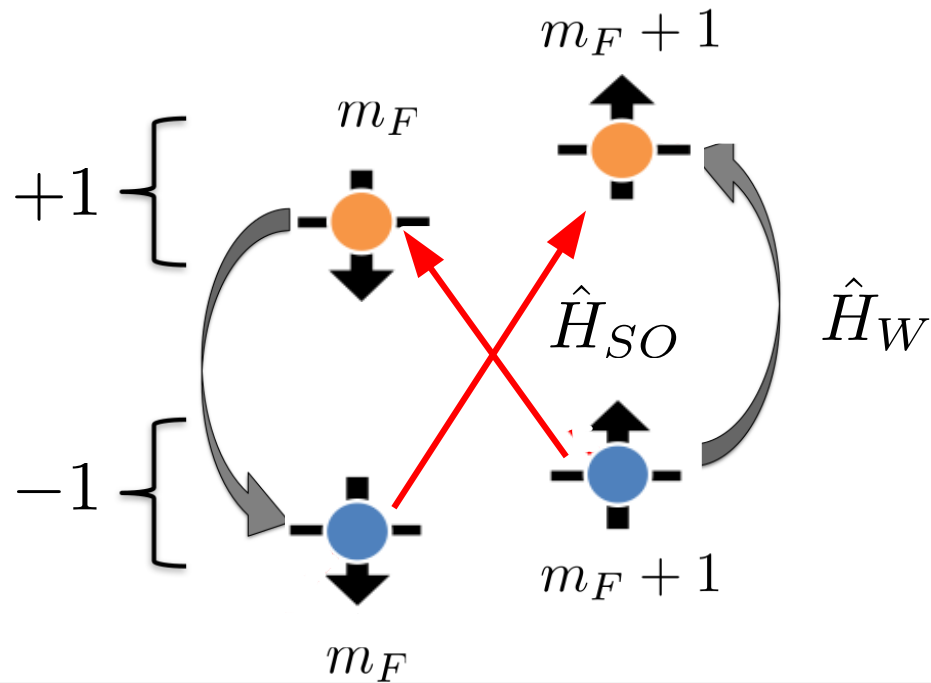


single particle hopping:

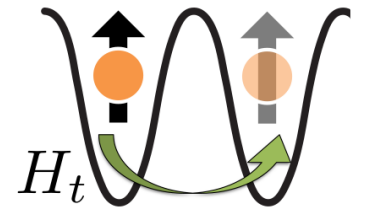
$$\hat{H}_{t,j} = \sum_{\alpha,p} t (c_{j,\alpha,p}^\dagger c_{j+1,\alpha,p} + \text{h.c.})$$

spin-exchange interaction: $\hat{H}_{W,j} = W (c_{j,\uparrow,-1}^\dagger c_{j,\downarrow,1}^\dagger c_{j,\downarrow,-1} c_{j,\uparrow,1} + \text{h.c.})$

Cold atoms setting



- Nuclear spin: $\{m_F, m_{F+1}\}$
- Orbital states: $\{-1, +1\}$



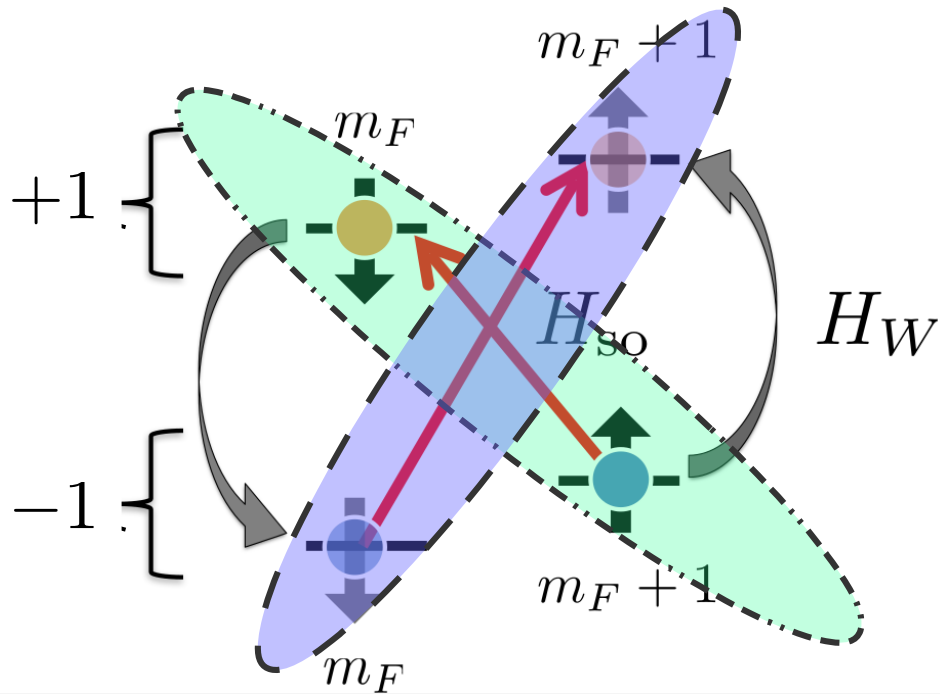
single particle hopping:
$$\hat{H}_{t,j} = \sum_{\alpha,p} t(c_{j,\alpha,p}^\dagger c_{j+1,\alpha,p} + \text{h.c.})$$

spin-exchange interaction:
$$\hat{H}_{W,j} = W(c_{j,\uparrow,-1}^\dagger c_{j,\downarrow,1}^\dagger c_{j,\downarrow,-1} c_{j,\uparrow,1} + \text{h.c.})$$

spin-orbit coupling:

$$\hat{H}_{\text{so},j} = \sum_p \left\{ (\alpha_R + b) c_{j,\uparrow,p}^\dagger c_{j+1,\downarrow,-p} + (b - \alpha_R) c_{j+1,\uparrow,p}^\dagger c_{j,\downarrow,-p} + \text{h.c.} \right\}$$

Cold atoms setting



Symmetries:

- the number of fermions in each pair of states coupled by spin-orbit coupling is **conserved modulo 2**, due to the presence of the spin-exchange interactions.

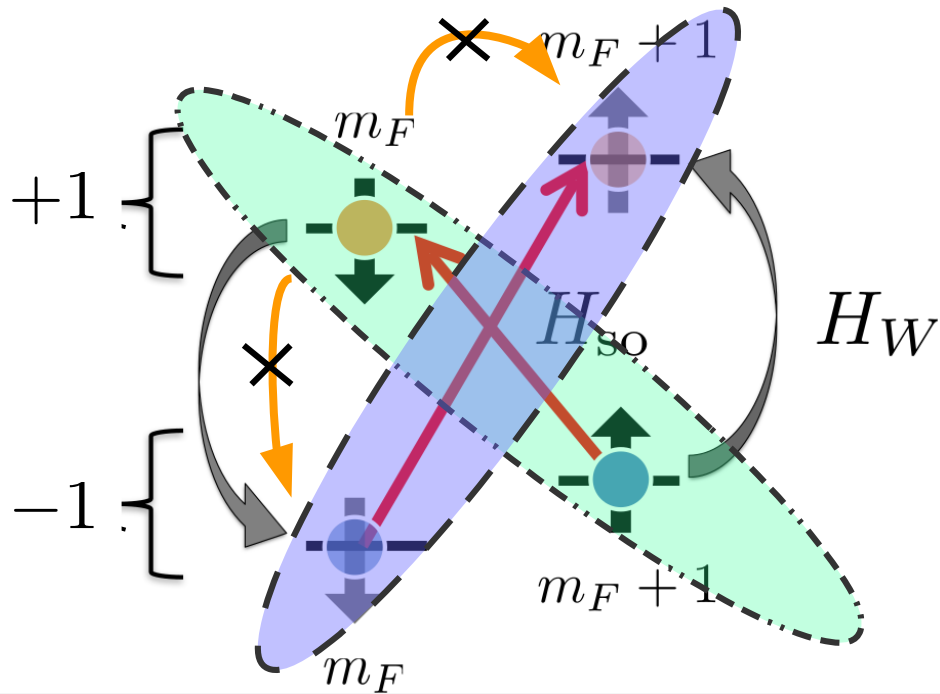
$\mathbb{Z}_2$ sectors: $\begin{bmatrix} (\downarrow, -1), (\uparrow, 1) \\ (\downarrow, 1), (\uparrow, -1) \end{bmatrix}$

$$[\hat{H}, \hat{P}] = 0$$

$$\hat{P} = (-1)^{(\sum_j (n_{j,\uparrow,1} + n_{j,\downarrow,-1}))}$$

“local” parity symmetry

Cold atoms setting



Symmetries:

- the number of fermions in each pair of states coupled by spin-orbit coupling is **conserved modulo 2**, due to the presence of the spin-exchange interactions.

terms breaking the symmetry are not present in the microscopic dynamics: violate Angular Momentum Conservation

e.g., $\hat{c}_{j,\downarrow,-1}^\dagger \hat{c}_{j,\downarrow,+1}$, $\hat{c}_{j,\downarrow,-1}^\dagger \hat{c}_{j,\uparrow,-1}$, ...

$$\hat{P} = (-1)^{(\sum_j (n_{j,\uparrow,1} + n_{j,\downarrow,-1}))}$$

Properties of the ground states

Overall analysis:

- **Bosonization;**
- **Lower Band Projected Hamiltonian**

*map to “ladder chains” +
braiding: non-abelian
statistic*



- **DMRG (density matrix renormalization group);**



*Check list of ground state
topological properties*

✓ **entanglement spectrum degeneracy**

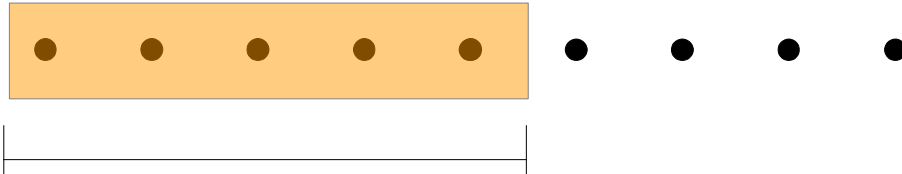
✓ **edge-to-edge correlations**

✓ **spectral analysis:**

- **ground state degeneracy**
- **single particle excitation gap**

Properties of the ground states

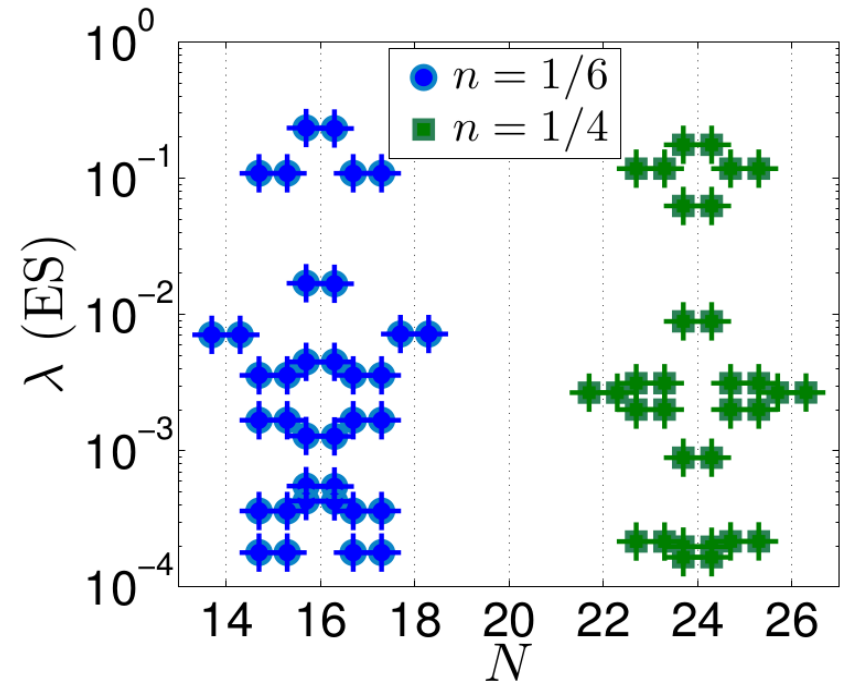
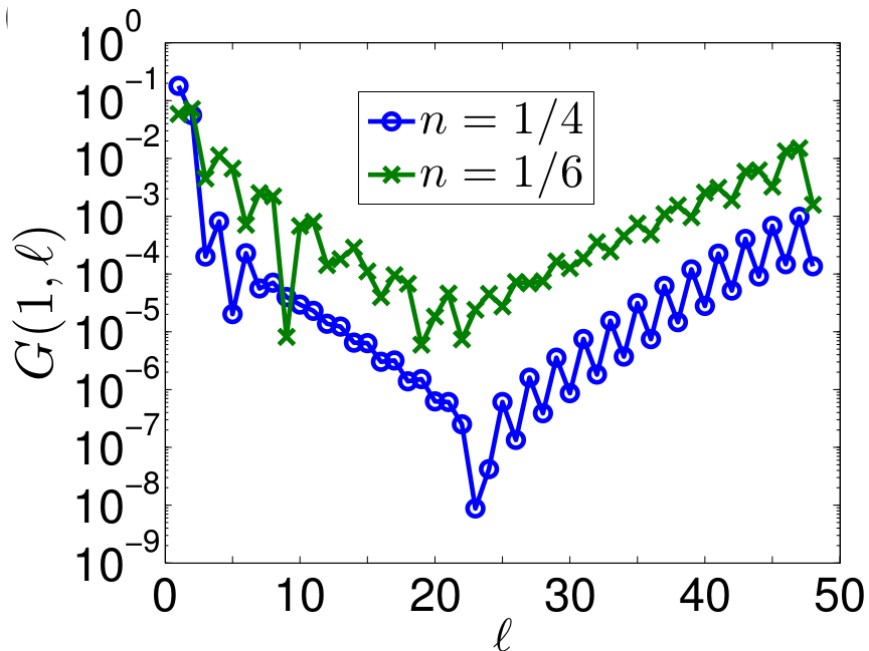
- ✓ Double degeneracy in the **entanglement spectrum**:



$$\rho_\ell = \sum_{N,j} \lambda_j(N) \hat{\sigma}_j(N)$$

$$W/t = -8, \alpha = b = 4t$$

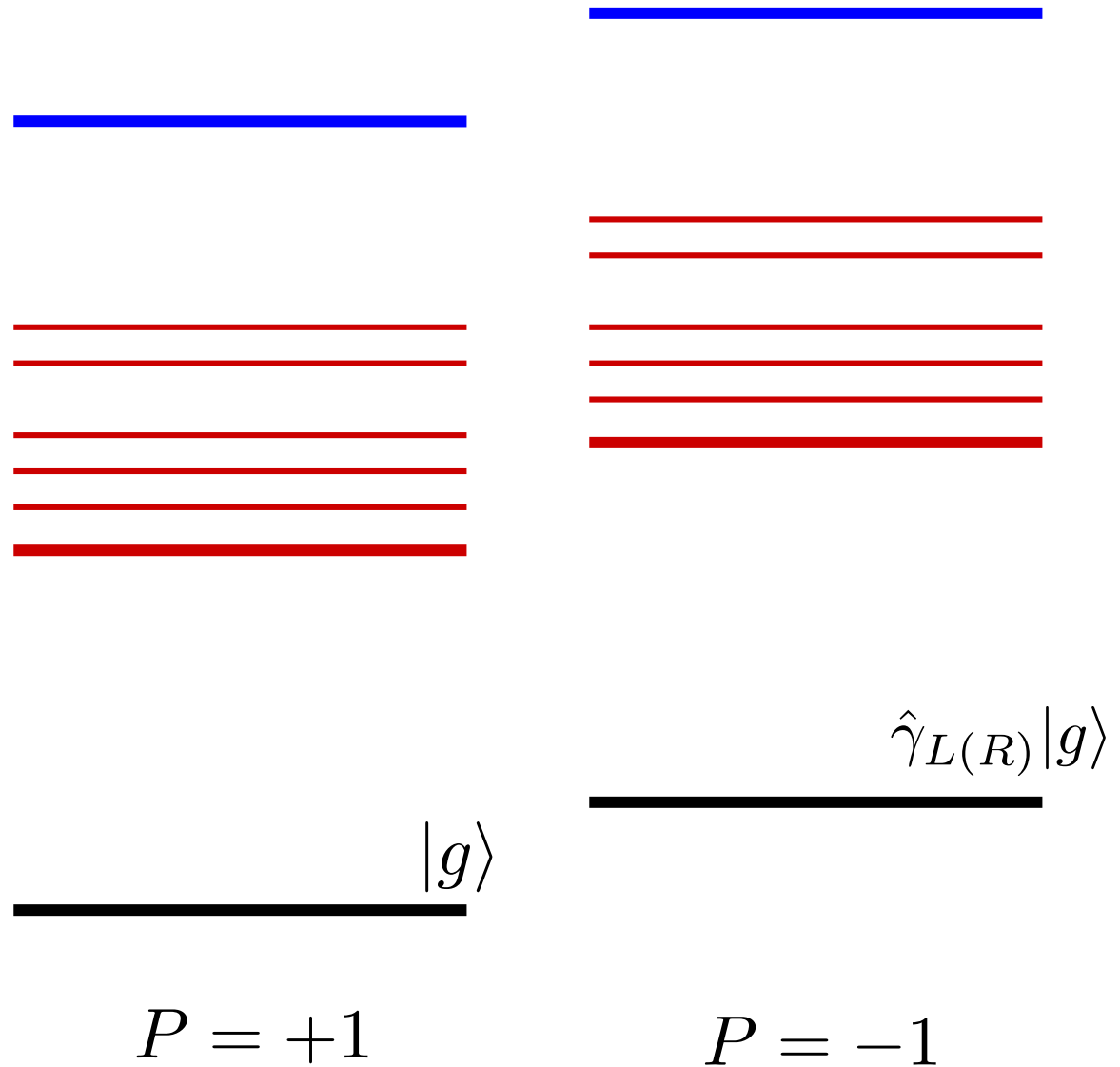
- ✓ Non-local **edge-edge** correlations:



$$G(j, \ell) \equiv \langle c_{j,\uparrow,1}^\dagger c_{\ell,\uparrow,1} \rangle$$

Properties of the ground states

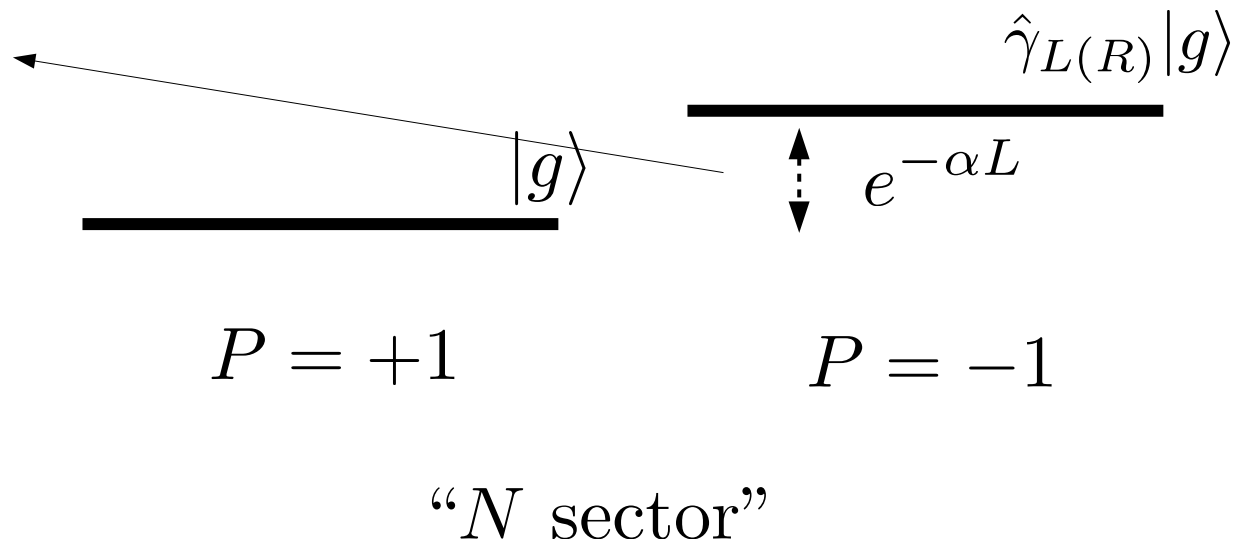
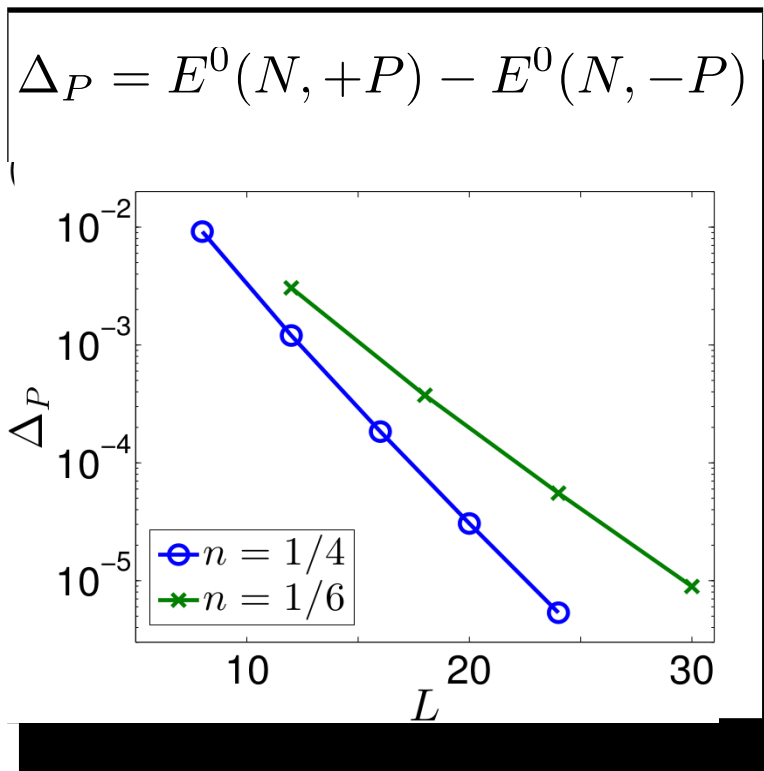
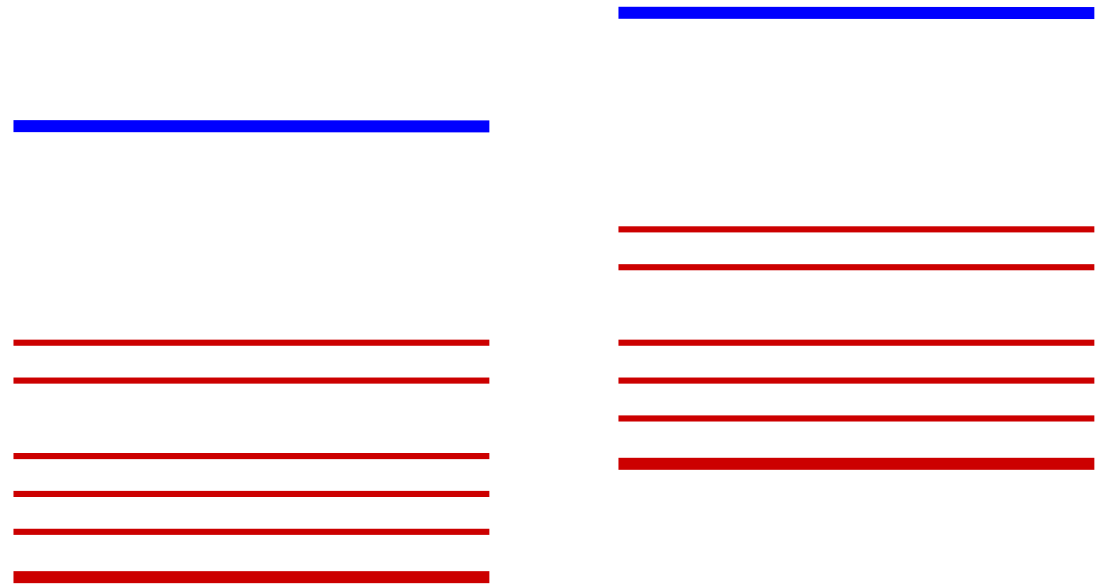
Spectral analysis (OBC):



“ N sector”

Properties of the ground states

Spectral analysis (OBC):



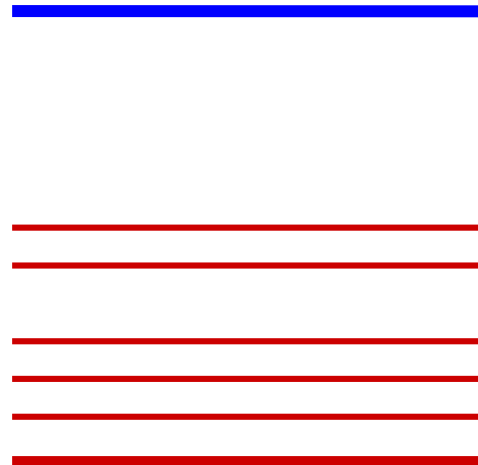
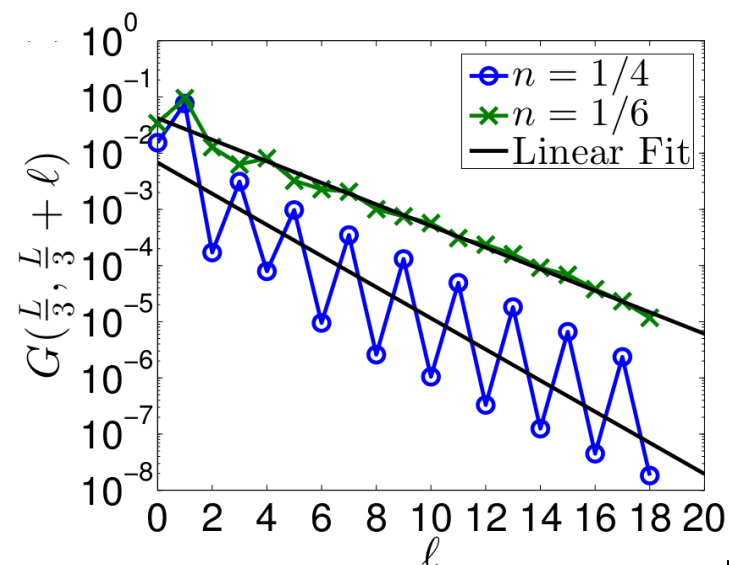
Properties of the ground states

Spectral analysis (OBC):

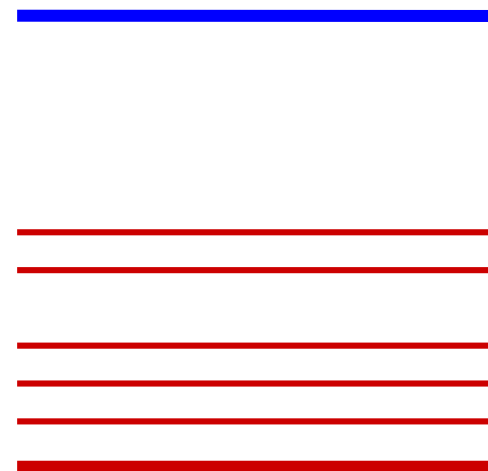
Single particle gap:
exponential decay of
bulk Green function

$$\Delta_{sp} > 0$$

$$\langle c_j^\dagger c_\ell \rangle \sim e^{-\frac{|j-\ell|}{\Delta_{sp}}}$$



$$P = +1$$



$$\hat{\gamma}_{L(R)} |g\rangle$$

$$e^{-\alpha L}$$

$$P = -1$$

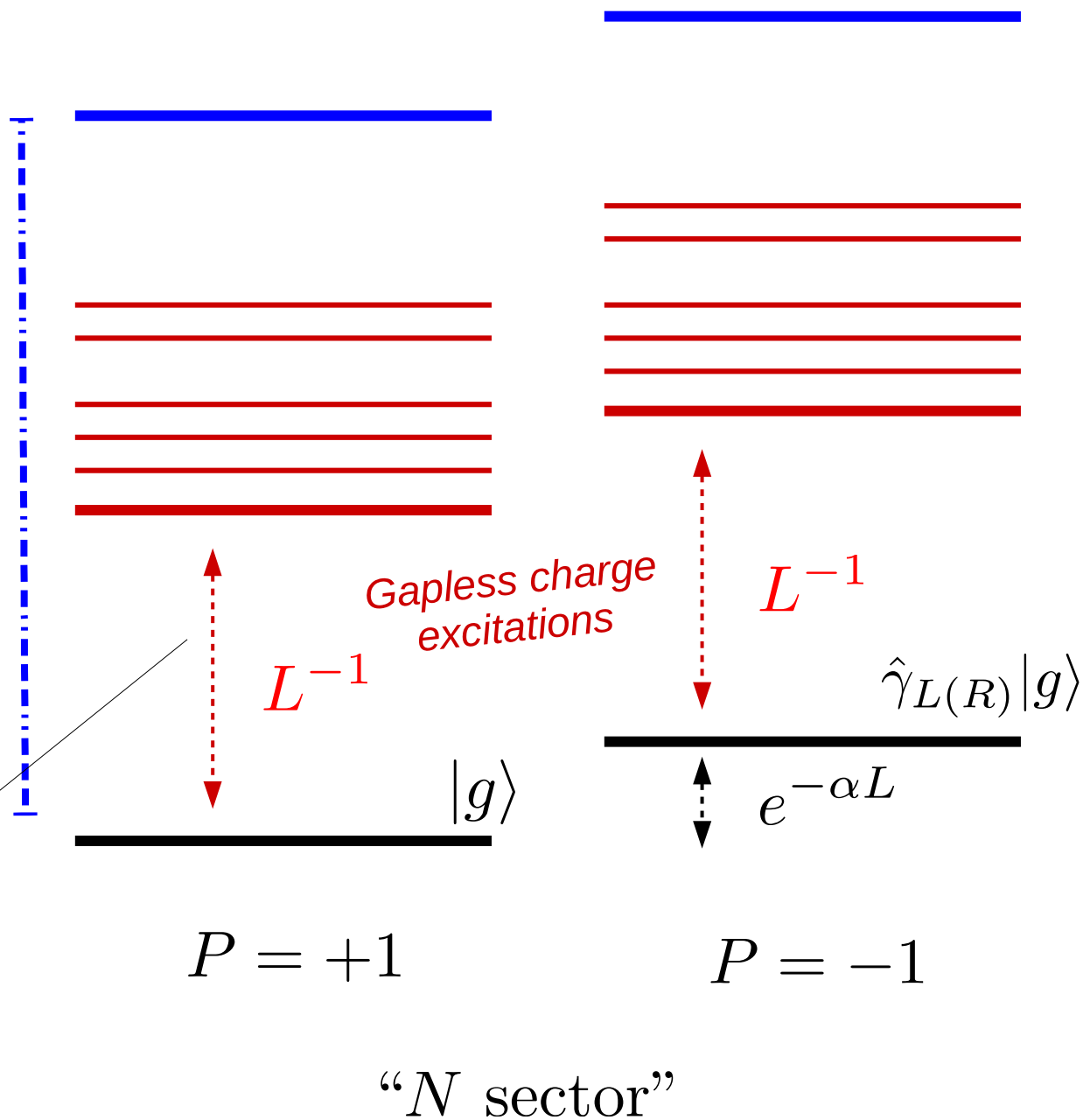
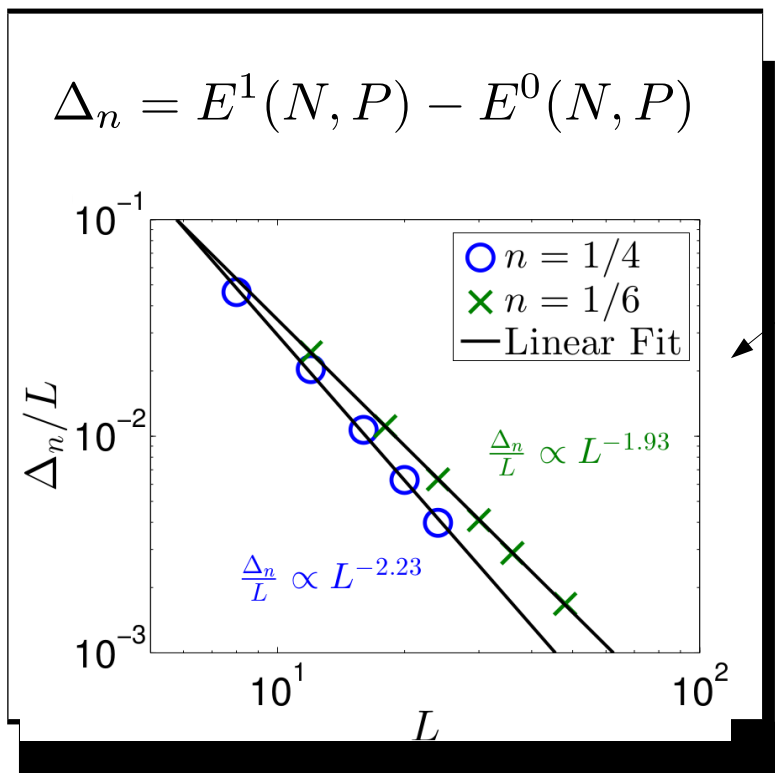
“ N sector”

Properties of the ground states

Spectral analysis (OBC):

Single particle gap:
exponential decay of
bulk Green function

$$\Delta_{\text{sp}} > 0$$



Conclusions

- Majorana quasi-particles can emerge as edge modes of AEA's in optical lattices in the presence of **spin-orbit couplings + spin-exchange interactions**;
- The protection of the emergent Z_2 parity symmetry stems from **angular momentum conservation**;
- We hopefully expect such results could help to the observation of Majorana edge modes in the canonical setting, where all basic ingredients for our recipe have been experimentally realized over the last two years.

Thanks for the attention!